THERECENGINEERING & CONSULTING CO.,LTD.



Company Profile

Since the year 1996, more than 20 years being the pioneer in building the pneumatics conveying system, including with producing and importing of the equipment in the relating field.

Today THEREC is stepping forward to be the leader in this specific method of bulk material handling process line ,more than 140 systems and more than 1,500 jobs of sale , service and installation of the related equipment is the very good prove for our skill ,experiences , responsibility and the reputation of our company in the industry.

Starting from the beginning of the year 2013, to be 100% concentrate in providing the consulting and designing for the pneumatic conveying system and powder & bulk material handling process, our project department has been separated to be the new company "**Therec Engineering & Consulting Co., Ltd.**"



high With the experience and knowledge of our strong engineering design team and the full support from other company in the group, together with highest continuous the attempt, we are now ready provide the full to engineering design and consulting service in the field of pneumatic conveying and bulk material handling system.



Central Vacuum cleaning system

Sea Bulk loading system

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Theory and Design Pneumatic Conveying Systems

When we talk about pneumatic conveying systems, we must also be very much aware of what "mode" of conveying is taking place in the conveying line. Once again, we will discuss all the modes in more detail in future articles but below we have the basic descriptions of what each mode of conveying represents:

Dilute Phase, Loose phase, Lean phase

- * Above the saltation velocity
- Typically less than 6 pounds solids per pound of air Two Phase (mixed phase)

- * Below saltation velocity
- 6 100 pounds of solids per pound of air

Dense Phase

- 20 500 pounds of solids per pound of air
- * Permeable piston
- □ Special feed method required to form plugs
- * Non permeable
- □ Special feed method required to form plugs
- □ Air assist, by-pass, etc. required to limit plug length



Top: Dilute Phase, Middle: Two Phase. **Bottom: Dense Phase**

While it may seem that all materials can be handled in any conveying phase, different material characteristics can limit the phases you can consider. To obtain a dependable conveying system, choose a conveying phase that's compatible with your material. Consider these material characteristics: particle size, material density, particle shape, moisture content, abrasiveness, and friability.

Beside of those physical properties that we have to consider, do not forget to consider the chemical property of the material which may can tell you about "how sticky it will be in each possible condition of working process?"

Please keep in mind that this is one of the most difficult characteristic which can only learn by the experiment and experiences and many times it is the major reason of the fail system!

Till now pneumatic conveying system design still be one of the very tricky engineering subject, it is (in the same time) both a stage of art and the engineering designing method.



The Various arrangement of The pneumatic conveying system

Basic Machine & Component to perform Pneumatic conveying

Actually there are only few machine and component required to make a pneumatic conveying system / minimum are only three main portion **Feeder**, **Shooter** and **Receiver**





Receiver / Sample / Cyclone , Bag filter and Silos

Fourteen Steps of pneumatic conveying system building

If you are going to be the good system designer we should going deep into the design and built of the system you may like to follow these 14 steps as OURS.

- 1. Material evaluation, Testing & Checking
- 2. Capacity & Operation method
- 3. Piping & Routing
- 4. Area of Installation
- 5. System clarification & Test
- 6. Main equipment choosing
- 7. Pneumatic Conveying System design
- 8. Engineering Diagram and Drawing
- 9. The 4 main equipment design
- 10. Project clarification
- **11. Production and or installation**
- 12. Commissioning
- 13. Documentation and report
- 14. Service and Maintenance



Requirement Evaluation Steps System design Steps Operation Steps



Calculation Program for System and Equipment

To be fast and precise, we have developed the calculation software program for pneumatic conveying system, and some other major equipment , combine with the soft ware we have got from the oversea equipment that we are represent, it allow us to make the most suitable design for each of customer requirement.

Our own software development



Pneumatic conveying system calculation page

Project Detail					Cleaning system design=	
THERE				Material	Friction Loss Pre F	No solves is restant to free Convertence.
				03/10/2559	Tubing Table	The provide an equilibrium of the second sec
Designed Air Flow Rate Pipe Sizing			Pipe Loss			
Quantity	kg/hr	Stage1		Stage 1 Loss per Feet Inch.Aq.		Define
	lbs/hr	Pipe Size	inches EQL 90 =	Horizontal ft Vertical ft	Air Velocity in Di Phase Tabel	ArCloh Rato • CMMm2
	lbs/min	Air Velocity	ft/min.	Elbow 45 unit Elbow 90 unit	Friase Tabel	Volumatic Flow rate •CMA
Bulk Density	kg/m3	Margin	*	Total Loss 🔋 👔 Inch.Aq.		Total Flow - 1647 CMM
	m3/hr	Stage 2		Stage 2 Loss per Feet Inch.Aq.		Dianawr offar bag • mn.
Feeding Volume	cuf/hr	Pipe Size	inches EQL 90 =	Horizontal ft Vertical ft	Print	Pressure - bar,
Flying Velocity	ft/min.	Air Velocity	ft/min.	Elbow 45 unit Elbow 90 unit		
	m/s	Margin	2	Total Loss 0 Inch.Aq.		Hinimal total fiber area required Nozzel hole diameter required
Ratio		Stage 3		Stage 3 Loss per Feet Inch.Aq.	Calculate	Tost far area - 5.55 m2 Nozzal hole damaar - 6 mm.
Required Flow	m3/hr	Pipe Size	inches EQL 90 =	Horizontal ft Vertical ft	_	
	cfm	Air Velocity	ft/min.	Elbow 45 unit Elbow 90 unit		Number of filter bag required Distance between nozzie to bag
Designed Flow	cfm	Margin	*	Total Loss Inch.Aq.		dresperonefterbag = 0.00 m2 Disance = 345.8 mm.
Equipment Loss Total Head Loss in System			stem	Egit	Uncorrother bag = 14 bags	
Cyclone			Summation of Loss	0 Inch.Aa.		Valve star regulted Diameter of Peader • 4 Inch
	Bag Filter		Safety Factor	~ *	Bulk Material Proj	Flow rate across bag - 1925 Lik
	Inline Filter		Designed Head Loss	Inch.Ag.	Guide	Whitecort 2 - SSS4 La
	Ejector		-	mm.Aq.		Jarguka valva stra 🔹 🚺 🗉
	Drop Out Box			mBar		Noofbagervalve c 10 bagsvalve
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Air & Gas handling head loss calculation program Bag Filter calculation program



Pneumatic conveying calculation formula

The Right Blower for Your Pneumatic Conveying System



Size of the blower (or exhauster) is up to the size of the system , we need to choose the right blower with suitable flow and pressure but:

First of all ,we have to understand the truly need of our specific system and must not forget to choose the most suitable type of blower for each pattern of the system.

Cost is the very important reason of all time/ different type of blower cause the different prices/ but please remember that with the wrong type of blower you will not be able to make it operate properly and it would also cause you a lot of waste in material ,time and labour / and finally again cost!

Above graph is made by our sister company **THEREC CORPORATION LTD.** Who have the long time experience in selling the high pressure blowers for more than 18 years, it show the comparison between three major types of high pressure blower

Centrifugal blower will give you the relatively constant pressure with variable flow. Roots blower will give you the very fixed flow at variable pressure. While the ring blower will give you the mixed of that two characteristic

Finally ,please also being informed that the different type of blower would need the different type of electrical circuit **control**.



Rotary Valve in Pneumatic Conveying System

Rotary valve is one of the three major equipment in dilute phase pneumatic conveying system (together with blower and bag filter or cyclone). Many people may think that the rotary air lock valve in pneumatic conveying system is the same valve as the feeding valve in powder feeding process or the same valve as what we saw under the bag filter in normal dust collecting system.

In fact it is not true, we would like to confirm you that it is totally different;

-While the feeding and dust collecting rotary valve has 0.5-1.0 mm clearance ,the good pneumatic conveying valve will only has around 0.13-0.15 mm clearance.

-Rubber blade may be the good choice of the dust collecting valve but it is the nearly prohibit to be used for pneumatic conveying valve because of the very fast ware and poor resistance to the high pressure and deep vacuum.

-Feeding and dust collecting valve may have 1 single shaft lip seal but the good valve for pneumatic conveying may have 3 lip seals of each side of the shaft with grand packing and air purge seal.

-The feeding or dust collecting valve may have only one series with one type of rotor but the pneumatic conveying valve can have 5 series to be matched with many type of system and 8 types of rotor to be matched with many type of material.

-The feeding or dust collecting valve only have inboard bearing version but we surely need to use the outboard bearing version of pneumatic conveying rotary valve (with air purge seal and breathing plug) in case of the high pressure powder material transferring system.



This air leakage graph is coming ▲// from DMN Westinghouse manual,

base on 0.13 mm clearance, the air lost of each size is as per the graph Please be careful that in case of poor quality ,big clearance, valve and high pressure or deep vacuum system you may even lost 50% of the air that your blower produce by this leakage.

If this situation happen it would be very sure that your pipe line will all blocked and come later with the very hard work in clearing it along.



Dust Collecting Equipment in Pneumatic Conveying System

Even pneumatic conveying system is very well known as the most cleanliness way of conveying but still one of the very popular problem in all pneumatic conveying system is air leakage and dust pollution which always occur and need to be properly control

Most of the time we would need the dust collecting equipment which can be some time "cyclone" and many times "bag filter". These equipment is look very common and need not very high technology support but still have some thing need to be careful

For Cyclone,

- We mostly need the high efficiency cyclone to trap all the dust inside but for plastic pellet it is not the good idea at all. I never see any one want to have the dust in their martial. It will create you a lot of problem in injection process so in plastic pellet cases we would need the low efficiency one.
- For food industries ,do not forget to prepare the very smooth inside surface and make it in the hygienic ,food grade way. Also 100% prepare the port and equipment that allow the end user to do CIP process after use it.

For Bag filter,

- Please always keep in mind that "simply is the best" compact filter can give you the smaller total dimension, lower fabrication cost for smaller housing, use less jet cleaning air, save the energy but for the sticky material and the material which is sensitive to the moisture it may be the better idea to pay a little bit more price and use a bit bigger installation area. Do not forget that Thailand is in the tropical zone and some month of the year our relative humidity is nearly 100%. I can confirm by long time experience that it easily can cause you the nightmare cleaning job.
- Do not use rectangular shape bag filter with Roots blower it will break your bag filter very soon after first first minute in test run process. Round shape is the best. Even the steel rod you use in the filter insert case also need to be 2 times thicker when cam pare to the system that use the ordinary centrifugal blower.
- For some material like sugar, I think if not so tropism please do not use bag filter. Waste scrubber may be the better idea, especially in the process that loading sugar to the syrup mixing tank ,with hot water. As far as we can remember the cleaning cycle time of bag filter for sugar powder is always a lot shorter when compare to other easier product.

For In-line filter,

- It is always the very good idea to put in-line filter in all of the vacuum system even you already have the main bag filter installed in the system. It is because of ,after many time of cleaning process there is the very high risk that the operation do not put the bag back into the casing properly and a lot of dust can go inside the blowers.
- Clearance in Ring and Roots blower is mostly les than 0.5 mm and many times even the normal 80 gram paper still cannot be pushed to pass these small clearance zone and hard particle can easily make these expensive high pressure exhauster to be damage.



Turn-key project of Bulk material handling system

-Process design for **Plastic Industry**

-Material handling along through the process line







Big Bag Filling & Unloading StationBulk Material Handling Machine & AccessoriesSmall bag & Tote Bin Dumping StationSize reduction and classification machineD



High Pressure Blower

Vacuum pump

Material handling fan & blower

Dust explosion control equipment



Sea Bulk Loading System



Rotary & Diverter Valve

Lump Breaker / Lump Crusher

Food Grade Screw Conveyor



Stainless Steel Hopper & Silo Stainless Steel Cyclone & Receiver

Stainless Fabrication Work

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